Weather Forecast:

Generally Fair Tonight and Sunday; Warmer Tonight

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WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1, 1914.

RUSSIAN AND GERMAN RELATIONS SEVERED

PEACE REFUSED BY FRANCE; HER ARMY READY TO STRIKE

U. S. TO TAKE OVER AFFAIRS AS DIPLOMATS

Ambassadorial Post in Paris, as Well as St. Petersburg's, to Be in Charge of American Envoys.

Other European Capitals May Seek Good Offices of America in Case of Assured

ween Russia and Germany today was marked by the department of the Ger-White House

Negotiations for the transfer to Am assador Herrick in Paris, of the Ger man embassy affairs, are being made ind the German diplomat's abrupt de-

That the United States as a great acated embassies in other European apitals is considered likely by State epartment officials

Ambassador Herrick was advised, I reported, that this country stood eady to "offer its good offices" in assting departure of the German repreentatives in France. Former Congress an Sharp of Ohio, the new ambassador France, is expected to sail in a few ays, but Ambassador Herrick was orered to remain because of the tense

Transfer of authority from Herrick to harp may be delayed, however, both ravel and the desire of the President have Herrick's experienced hand at he helm. In any event, Herrick, it is aid today, will be asked to remain to seist Sharp indefinitely.

Secretary of State Bryan does not know when Ambassador Marye, now in alifornia, will leave for his St. Petersburg post, and the affairs are being administered by the charge d'affaires. Mr. Bryan declared that he had condence Americans abroad are not and will be in no danger. He is prepared owever, to render financial assistance any marconed American or to aid ny who might be involved in a serius situation with possible physical

no other specific information was forthcoming in Administration ircles, it was stated generally that the reports today of the European ituation are "not encouraging."

BAN ON MORGAN MAY BRING WAR

Another baseball war may be started by the Baseball Players' Fraternity, this time following the riot in Detroit. John Henry, the Griffmen's representative, today makes a complete report to the players' organization, demanding an answer for Umpire Sheridan's retention on duty tnd the suspension of Ray Morgan, although Sheridan admits he struck the player first. For complete story, see sport



Germany's ruler directing with his forefinger, the trials of the new rapid fire guns just adopted by the German army. These guns, when in action, fire 600 shots per minute. So rapidly are the guns worked that it is impossible to keep count of the shots fired. The recent demonstration has proven their practical value and

Make for Neutral Port, Order to German Ships

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—All German shipping has been ordered to make for the nearest neutral port. The government today sent word to German ship owners that their craft must seek safety at once.

The above dispatch from Berlin shows that war is now considered inevitable there and that a clash must come almost immediately. It is the only possible action that will save German shipping from capture by hostile warships.

PENNSY PUTS SHOPS ON FULL TIME AGAIN.

ALTOONA, Pa., Aug. 1. Orders were issued today by the Penn-Ivania Railroad to put all shops in this city on full time beginning Monday morning. This order effects about 12,000 men who have been on short time for about four months.

Tumulty Denies Wilson Welcomed European War

Official denial that President Wilson had ever declared European war would lumulty in a telegram sent to Curt's cuild, of Boston, former ambassador to Russia. The message reads:
"My attention has been called to an erticle in today's New York Times purporting to quote an editorial from your paper relative to an alleged state-ment by the President that a European war would mean a big business boom in the United States. Any dispatch crediting the President with having made any such statement is unquali-fiedly false, and I should be glad to have you wire me whence you received your information. have you wire invocation.
"J. P. TUMULTY."

PHOTOS @ UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD -Emperor William (at right, holding baton), reviewing the Imperial Guard,

and at the extreme right is General von Buelo, commander of the first di-War Next Step Between Germany and Russians

the first to be ordered out at the general mobilization, which is expected

to follow the declaration that Germany is in a state of war. At the

left of the Kaiser is General Lowenfeldt, the commander of the guard

By ED. L. KEEN.

LONDON, Aug. 1.-Russia and Germany have broken. Reports from a number of points agree that diplomatic relations were severed at noon today.

The German ambassador to Russia has demanded his passoprts.

The German ambassador to France has asked the United States to act for his country when he leaves Paris. Telephone communication between England and the Continent has ended.

From out of the mass of secrecy entailed by the most emphatic censorship ever known, these facts stand out to emphasize that the general crash which will change the map of Europe is about to begin.

There is practically no hope of peace. Russia ignored the ultimatum of Germany in which the Kaiser demanded that mobilization cease.

At the same time France refused to tell Germany what her intentions were in the event of war between Germany and Russia. This so impressed the German ambassador to Frence that he immediately asked Myron T. Herrick, the American representative to France, to take over his duties "in the event of war." This Herrick will do, he having already asked permission from President Wilson.

The tension here in England increases hourly. The mean a big business beem in the United mobilization orders are prepared and await only signature. King George continues his efforts to force a resumption of negotiations, but even he is reported to have lost hope.

The breaking off of diplomatic relations between Berlin and St. Petersburg must inevitably be followed, if they have not been already, by the breaking off of the relations between Berlin and Paris. There is no doubt of France's intention of coming to the aid of her ally Russia.

The German and French soldiers already confront Summer tours via Baltimore & Onio each other on the frontier. The French officials who have R. R. Daily to Jersey seashore, Adiron duck mountains and all New York, New England and Canadian Provinces—Nova talked about the situation have insisted the Germans were Scotia and Canadian Provinces—And a Scotia and Quebec, and Alleghany mountain resorts, also to Western points. If contemplating a rail or water trip for pleasure or on business, consult agents at 15th St. & N. Y. Ave., or 619 Pennit

KAISER'S FINAL EFFORT WITH FRANCE FAILS

Paris Streets Thronged With Excited Populace—Reservists Hasten to Quarters and Dirigible Army Balloon Arouse: Perfect Frenzy of Patriotism-Americans Besiege Embassy for Aid.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—France is preparing to strike. The foreign office this evening issued a general order for the mobilization of the entire French army and reserves for Sunday.

The orders are believed to mean that the second conference between Premier Viviani and Baron von Schoen, the German ambassador to France, have proved a failure. It is understood that the premier told the German ambassador that under her treaty with Russia there would be nothing for her to do but to stand by her ally.

News of the orders quickly circulated and a crowd began to gather about the foreign office. There was much cheering of officials as they arrived

It is accepted here that the German ambassador will demand his passports and leave here tonight. It is expected that an order will be issued immediately setting a time limit under which all Germans must leave French territory on penalty of being arrested and held as spies.

By WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—A final desperate effort to prevent war was made this afternoon. Premier Viviani and the German ambassador conferred in the foreign office. It was the second meeting of the day. Earlier the French premier had declined to outline France's attitude in the event of war between her ally, Russia, and Germany. France must protect her own interests was the defiant reply. But Germany did not accept this as the last word.

While making arrangements to turn the diplomatic affairs of his nation over to the United States and to return home, the German ambassador also adopted a conciliatory attitude. He demanded and was accorded another audience, and, behind closed doors, went over once more the details of the situation that threaten almost immediate war.

Meanwhile, the city is in a turmoil. The streets are packed with men and women excitedly discussing the situation.

Soldiers are marching from point to point.

The arsenals are jammed with troops. Reservists. x ixious to find out when they were wanted and where they will be mobilized, add to the confusion.

High officials of the army are cheered as they rush from point to point in motor cars.

The climax of enthusiasm was reached when, during the afternoon, a great army dirigible swept across the sky just above the city. It was manned with a complete crew.

As its propeller whirred, the crowds on the sidewalks rushed into the middle of the street. All eyes were turned

Wild cheering marked the passage of the war instrument across the city, and men and women alike, wrought to intense excitement by the patriotic fervor, embraced.

Transportation within the city has been seriously interfered with as the result of the withdrawal of a large portion of the motor busses on which the city depends chiefly. All busses are associated with the army reserve, and those withdrawn have been taken to the barracks and reservist